

**Demographic Profile of  
Macro Community Resource Centre Catchment Area  
Burtenshaw Kenny Associates  
April 2014**



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# 1. Introduction

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Macro Community Resource Centre (CRC) is a non- profit making facility which provides office accommodation and activity space to community and voluntary organisation which serve an area commonly known as the Markets Area of Dublin's North Inner City.

Macro CRC was built in 2001 and offers a number of services such as: Youth, Disability, Childcare, Drug Recovery, Education Community Development, Senior Citizens, community up-skilling and information provision.

As part of the development of its' next strategic plan, this report was commissioned to profile the area that they primarily serve to help inform their work and focus for the future.

This profile is based on data available through the most recent Census (2011). Macro CRC agreed the catchment area for assessment. It was agreed to compare the statistics with data available for Dublin City and the State where possible.

Two Electoral Districts and five small areas were assessed based on the agreed definition of the area that Macro CRC serves. This is called Macro area or Macro catchment throughout the report. The areas assessed are as follows:

No	Electoral District	Includes estates/flats	
1.	Arran Quay C		
2.	Inns Quay C		
No	Small Area	Electoral District	Estate names/roads
3.	268002011		Constitution Hill Flats
4.	268106002		Capel Street
5.	268106003		Off Angelsea Row
6.	268139005		Square Apartments
7.	268139006		Campbells Court

It was agreed that the demographic profile would present an assessment of:

- Population size
- Population breakdown- 0-4, 5-12, 13-18, 19-24, 25-44, 45-64, 65plus
- Private households by type
- Families by family cycle
- Family units with children
- Family units with children under 15- outlining lone parent families
- Population aged 15 and over by principal economic status
- Unemployment rate
- Usually resident population by nationality
- Ethnicity
- Speakers of foreign languages by language spoken
- Speakers of foreign languages by ability to speak English
- Permanent private households by type of occupancy
- Permanent private households by number of rooms
- Private households by type of accommodation

- Permanent private households by number of rooms
- Population aged 15 years and over by highest level of education completed
- Persons with a disability by age group
- Population by general health

## 2. Dublin City an overview<sup>1</sup>

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- Overall, the Dublin Region is the most affluent region of Ireland, but Dublin City is the second most disadvantaged local authority area within the region.
- Like any other part of the country, Dublin City has massively been affected by the economic downturn after 2007.
- The Trutz Haase deprivation score commonly used to measure poverty and deprivation levels, outlines that Dublin City experienced a drop in the absolute deprivation score from -1.1 in 2006 to -4.9 in 2011. However, despite this reduction, Dublin City is identified as the area that has best weathered the downturn of the economy.
- The relative position of Dublin City has significantly improved from the fifteenth to the sixth most affluent local authority area in Ireland, by far the most remarkable performance of any area between 2006-2011.
- Of the 162 Electoral Districts in Dublin City, 49 are marginally above average and 49 are marginally below average. However, 34 EDs classify as being 'affluent' and three as being 'very affluent', while 24 EDs fall into the category of being 'disadvantaged' and three as being 'very disadvantaged'.
- The most affluent parts are situated towards the South and South East of the city. The most disadvantaged parts are Coolock/Darndale, Ballymun, Finglas/Cabra, Kilmainham/Cherry Orchard, and Walkinstown.
- ***Dublin Inner City occupies a special position in that it is no longer amongst the most deprived areas if measured at ED level, but contains significant clusters of high deprivation which are masked by the extreme population influx of largely affluent people in the wake of the inner city's gentrification during the years of the Celtic Tiger.***
- Even since the economic decline, Ireland's population has continued to grow by 8.2% between 2006 and 2011, whilst Dublin City's population has grown by 4.2%, or half the national population growth, over the past five years. Whilst this is one of the lowest population growth experienced by any county, it is consistent with the greater constraints to population growth within already built-up urban areas.
- The fastest growing EDs are North Dock B (86.9%), Ballymun A (75.1%), Ushers A (60.2%) and Grange B (59.2%), all of which have been subject to significant urban renewal over the past census period.

This is the context for this profile. The following sections highlight the key findings that emerge from Census 2011 for the Macro catchment area.

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<sup>1</sup> Haase, Trutz, Engling, Feline, *The 2011 Pobal HP Deprivation Index, Area Profile for Dublin City, 2013*

### 3. Report Synopsis

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The following presents the key outcomes of the report.

#### Population

- There are almost 8,000 people (7,840) living in the Macro catchment area
- The current Macro area is similar to that of Longford town
- The Macro area accounts for 1.5% of the overall population of Dublin City (population 527,612)
- **The Macro catchment area has high levels of young adults with more than 70% (5,508) of the population aged between 19 and 44.** This is significantly higher than Dublin City (47.6%) and state levels (39.3%)
- The levels of children and young people is lower than Dublin City and State levels
- Similarly the rates of older adults aged 45 plus is also significantly lower than Dublin City or State levels

#### Nationality

- **Almost half of the population in the Macro catchment (47.2%) was born outside of Ireland.** This is far higher than the national level of 17% and Dublin City rates of 21.1%. Therefore **every second person living in the Macro catchment was born outside of Ireland**
- **Highest levels of people born outside of Ireland in the Macro catchment area were born in "the rest of the world" 1653 people (22%)** with 1,102 (14.8%) born in the other EU 27 states

#### Ethnicity

- **Half of the population of the Macro catchment area are White Irish (50.4%).** This compares to 78.4% in Dublin City
- This equates to 3,763 of the total population
- **"Other White" is the second highest category living in the area** at almost a third of the population. This is more than double Dublin City levels of 11.3%
- The **numbers of Travellers living in the area is 26**
- The **area has a diverse range of ethnic backgrounds and is more ethnically diverse than Dublin City levels**

#### English Language

- High proportions of speakers of foreign languages indicated that they spoke other languages than the options offered in the Census (75.7%).
- Over **83.6% of respondents outlined that they spoke English very well or well.**
- However, **468 people indicated that they did not speak English well, at all or did not state.**

#### Family Structure

- The **dominant type of private household in the area is one person** with a third of households belonging to this household type. This is in line with Dublin City
- However, the **next highest category are households with two or more non related persons** with 18.4% (616 households). This compares to 8.7% in Dublin City.
- There are **twice as many households defined as cohabiting couples** (12.7%) than Dublin City levels (6.7%)
- In contrast **the levels of husband, wife and children are significantly lower in the Macro area than in Dublin City** 6.5% compared to 18.6%
- The **family cycle in the Macro catchment is at pre-family stage** at (695

families) 44.7%. This is in stark contrast to Dublin City where this stage accounts for 18.9%

- In addition the **levels of pre-schools families is higher than state levels** -13% compared to 11.5%
- However, **early school, pre-adolescent and adolescent are lower than Dublin City levels.**
- There are also **low levels of families at adult and retirement stage** in the Macro catchment area.
- **There are 48.6% lone parent families with children under 15 in the Macro area. Therefore, almost every second family unit with children under fifteen is headed by a lone parent**
- This is **significantly higher than Dublin City** where 34.4% of all family units are lone parents with children under 15 and more than double the national levels of 21.6%
- In line with Dublin City and national trends the **majority are mothers parenting alone**

### Housing

- **80% (2,679) of the private households in the Macro area rent their accommodation. This is almost double the Dublin City levels (43.5%)**
- **60% rent from private landlords.** This is again almost double Dublin City levels
- It is not possible from Census statistics to determine how many people are in receipt of rent supplement.
- **In contrast only 14.8% (493) are owner occupiers with/without mortgages** in the Macro area. This compares to 51.7% in Dublin City. The national level is 69.7%.
- In the Macro catchment area **almost 80% (2666) of households live in a flat, apartment or bedsit**
- This **compares to 33.4% in Dublin City**
- In contrast **17.2% of households live in a house or bungalow, compared to 63.9% in Dublin City**
- Over **a third of households live in accommodation of two rooms or less.** This is significantly higher than Dublin City levels. National trends are to live in households with five rooms or more.

### Education

- **1869 (38.1%) of people living in the area who ceased education have an ordinary level Bachelor Degree or higher level qualification**
- This is **higher than Dublin (31.6%) and in line with state levels (40%)**
- However, **1,131 people have lower secondary, primary or no formal education**

### At work and unemployment

- The county of **Fingal** had the highest labour force participation rate of any county in the country in 2011 (68.4%)<sup>2</sup>
- The **total labour force participation rate in the Macro catchment area in 2011 was higher at 69.4%**
- The **Dublin City labour force participation rate in 2011 was 62.3%**, national levels were 61.9%
- The **unemployment levels in the catchment area were higher than Dublin City levels- 13.9% compared to 11.5%**
- Almost **1,000 people (977)** were unemployed or looking for their first job in the

<sup>2</sup> The labour force participation rate is calculated by expressing the labour force (i.e. those at work, looking for first regular job and unemployed) as a percentage of the total aged 15 years and over.

Macro catchment area in 2011

#### **Disability and health**

- ***Almost a 1,000 people 12.7% of the overall population of the Macro catchment area had a disability.*** This is slightly lower than Dublin City levels of 14.9%
- However the ***levels of people with a disability between the ages of 15 and 64 were higher than Dublin City levels.*** Of particular note are the levels of people with a disability between the ages of 25 and 44
- ***43 children under the age of 14 had a disability***
- ***84.1% of the population overall outlined that they had very good or good health. This is in line with Dublin City at 85.2%***



## 4. Population

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### 4.1 Overall Population

- There are almost 8,000 people (7,840) living in the Macro catchment area
- The current Macro area is similar to that of Longford town
- The Macro area accounts for 1.5% of the overall population of Dublin City (population 527,612)

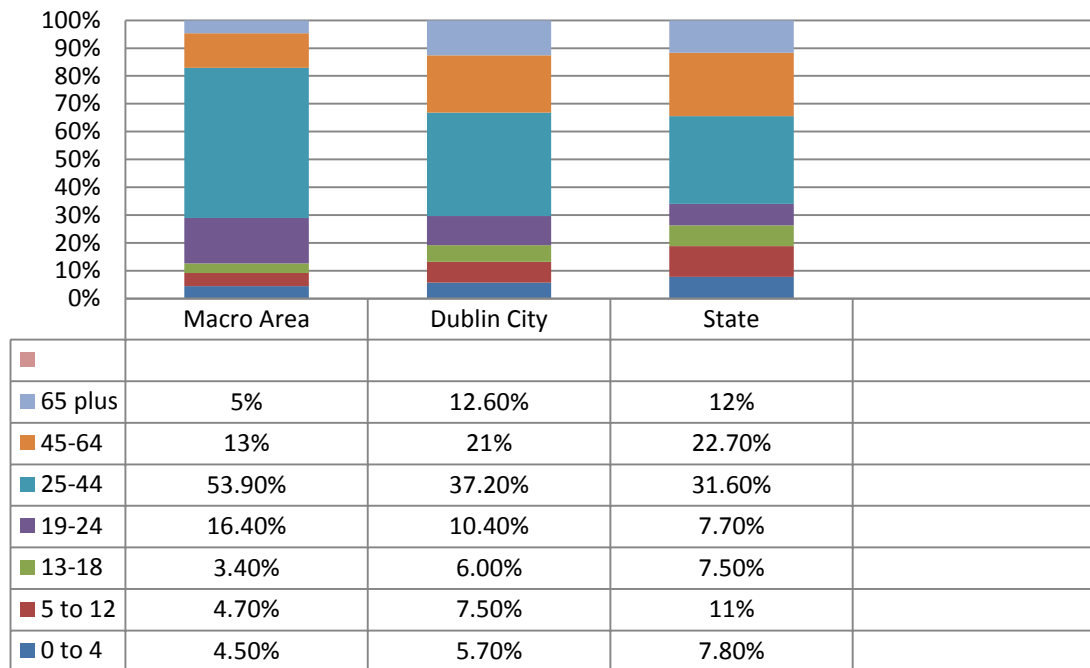
### 4.2 Age Profile- Population by age groups

Area	0 to 4 Years	5 to 12 Years	13 to 18 years	19 to 24 years	25 to 44 years	45 to 64 Years	65 Years +	Total
Macro area-numbers	354	370	266	1285	4223	978	364	7840
Macro area-proportion	4.5%	4.7%	3.4%	16.4%	53.9%	12.5%	4.6%	100%
Dublin City	5.7%	7.5%	6.0%	10.4%	37.2%	20.5%	12.6%	100%
State	7.8%	11.0%	7.5%	7.7%	31.6%	22.7%	11.7%	100%

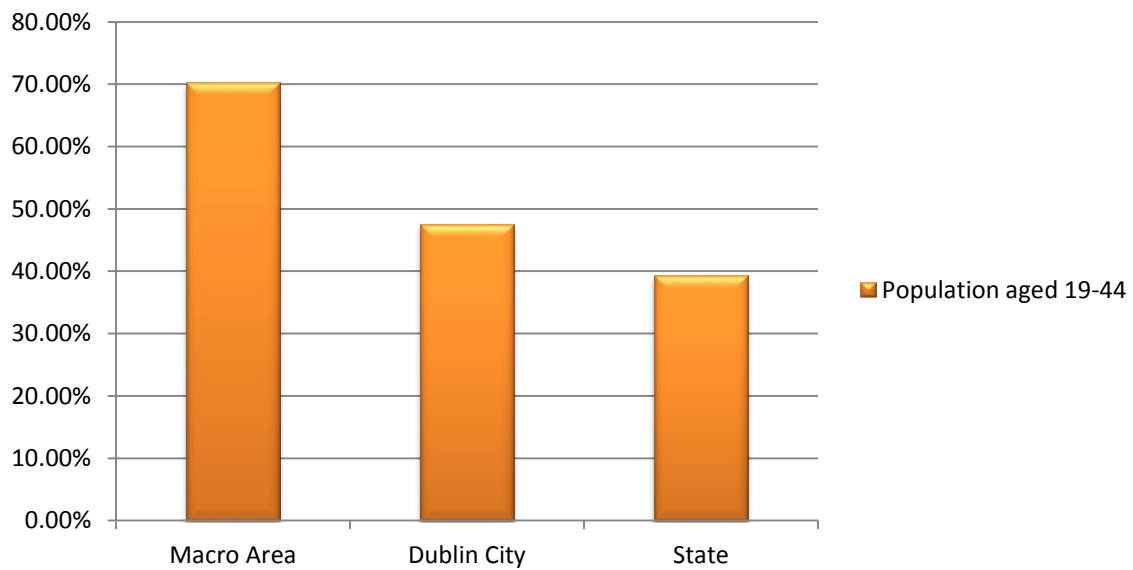
- **The Macro catchment area has high levels of young adults with more than 70% (5,508) of the population aged between 19 and 44.** This is significantly higher than Dublin City (47.6%) and state levels (39.3%)
- The levels of children and young people is lower than Dublin City and State levels
- Similarly the rates of older adults aged 45 plus is also significantly lower than Dublin City or State levels

The following diagrams serve to highlight the population profile:

## Age Profile



## Population aged 19-44



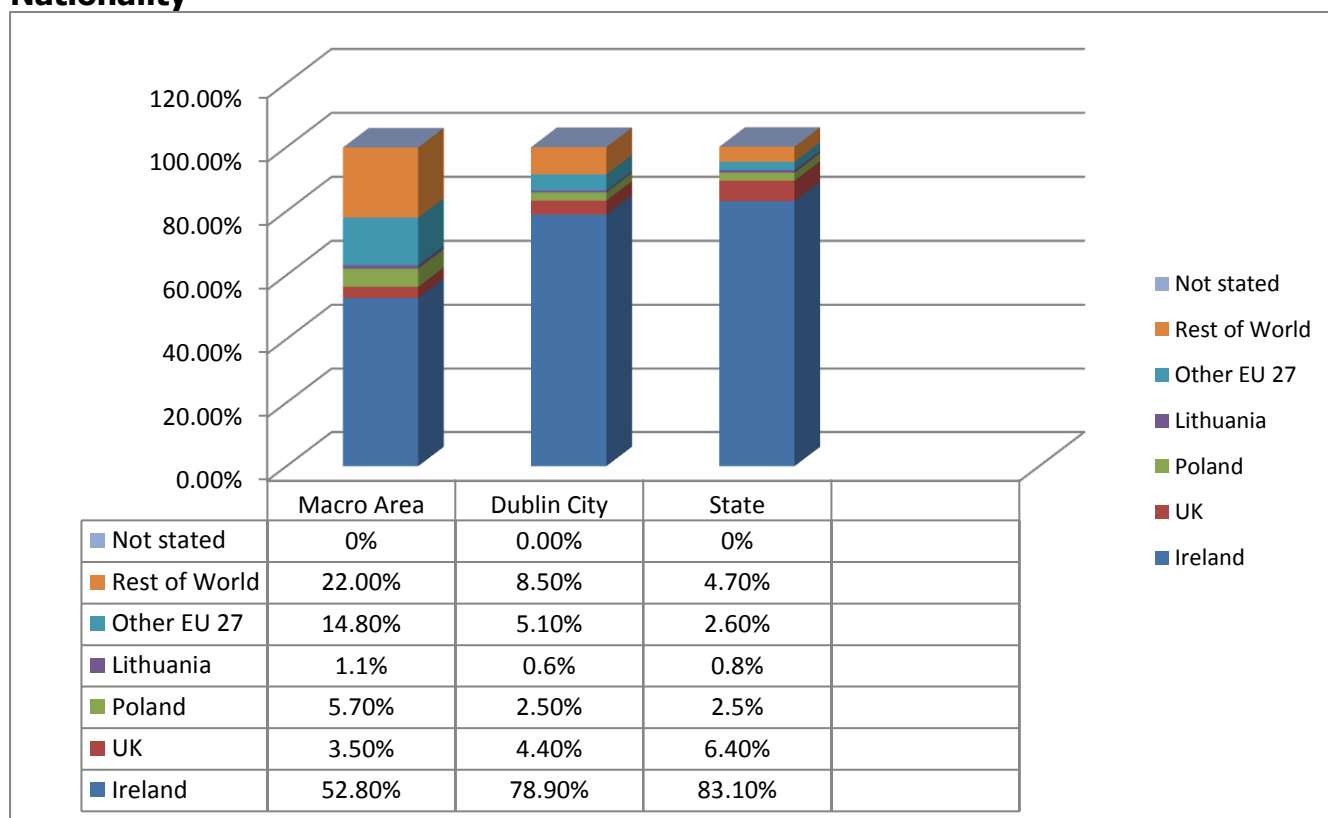
## 5. Nationality and Ethnicity

This section outlines the nationality and ethnicity of people living the Macro catchment area. It also outlines the foreign languages spoken and the level of English of people for whom English is not their first language.

### 7.1 Usually resident population by nationality

- **Almost half of the population in the Macro catchment (47.2%) was born outside of Ireland.** This is far higher than the national level of 17% and Dublin City rates of 21.1%. Therefore **every second person living in the Macro catchment was born outside of Ireland**
- **Highest levels of people born outside of Ireland in the Macro catchment area were born in "the rest of the world" 1653 people (22%)** with 1,102 (14.8%) born in the other EU 27 states

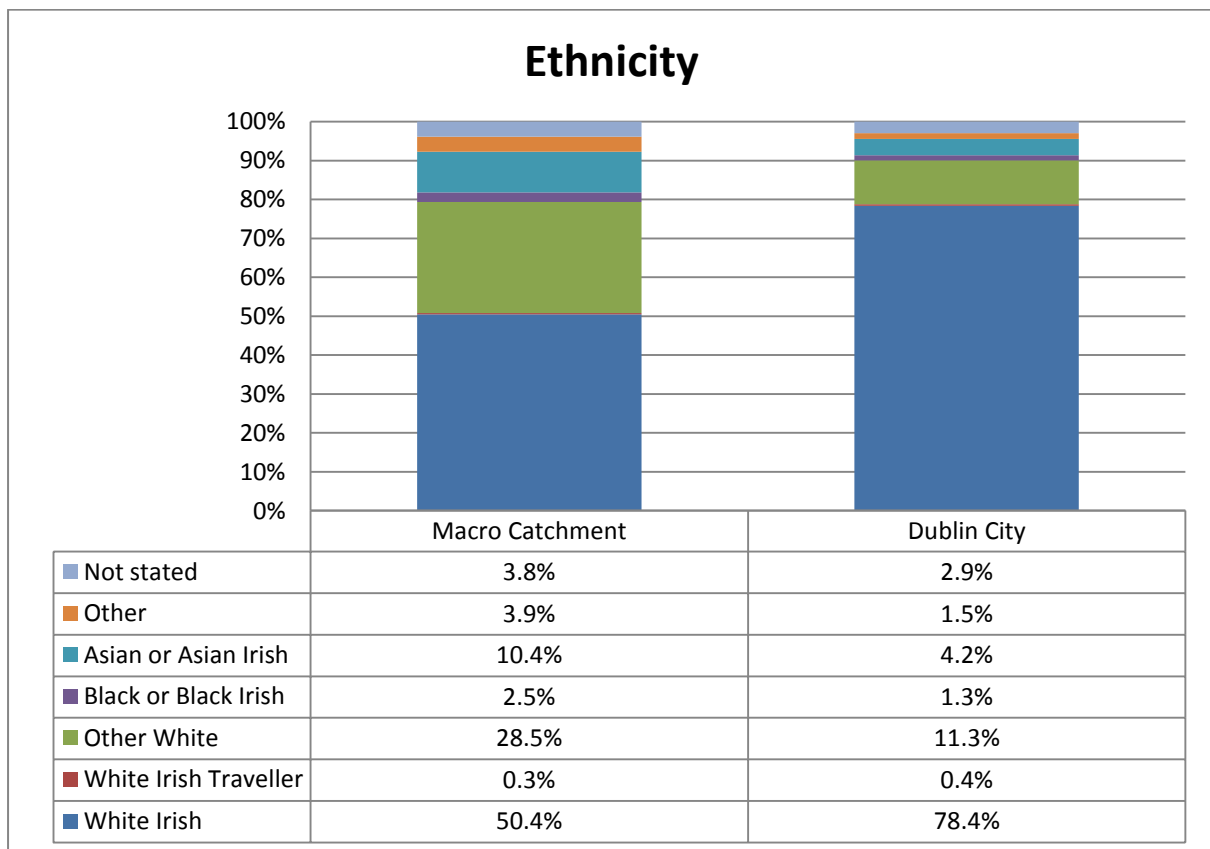
### Nationality



## 7.2 Ethnicity

The following information is available in relation to the ethnic groups that live in the Macro catchment area:

- ***Half of the population of the Macro catchment area are White Irish (50.4%).*** This compares to 78.4% in Dublin City
- This equates to 3,763 of the total population
- ***"Other White" are the second highest category living in the area*** at almost a third of the population. This is more than double Dublin City levels of 11.3%
- The ***numbers of Travellers living in the area is 26***
- The ***area has a diverse range of ethnic backgrounds and is more ethnically diverse than Dublin City levels***



### 7.3 English Language

The following information highlights the speakers of foreign languages by language spoken and their ability to speak English:

#### Languages Spoken

	Macro area		Dublin City	
Language	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
Polish	411	14.4%	12,467	15.0%
French	217	7.6%	8,832	10.6%
Lithuanian	65	2.3%	2,453	2.9%
Other	2158	75.7%	59,484	71.5%
Total	2851	100.0%	83,236	100.0%

- High proportions of speakers of foreign languages indicated that they spoke other languages than the options offered in the Census (75.7%).

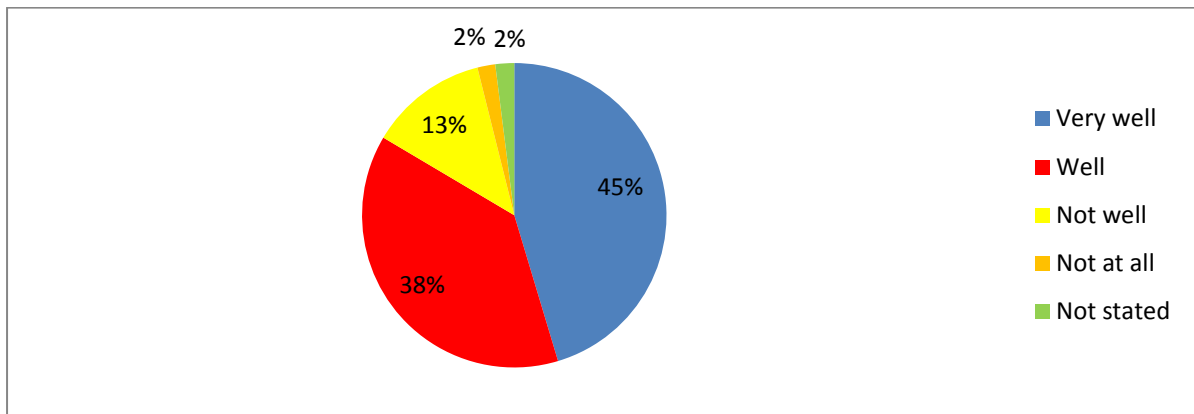
The ability of speakers of foreign languages to speak English is indicated in the following table and chart

### Ability to speak English

Language	Macro area		Dublin City	
	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
<b>Very well</b>	1294	45.4%	41,853	50.3%
<b>Well</b>	1089	38.2%	28,018	33.7%
<b>Not well</b>	358	12.6%	9,396	11.3%
<b>Not at all</b>	53	1.9%	1,422	1.7%
<b>Not stated</b>	57	2.0%	2,547	3.1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2851</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>83,236</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

### Macro area – speakers of foreign languages ability to speak English

- Over **83.6% of respondents outlined that they spoke English very well or well.**
- However, **468 people indicated that they did not speak English well, at all or did not state.**



## **6. Family Cycle and Structure**

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The following section presents information on private households, family cycle and structure within the Macro catchment area.

### **6.1 Private households**

The following presents a breakdown of the type of private households in Macro area. There were 3,343 households in the Macro catchment area in 2011.

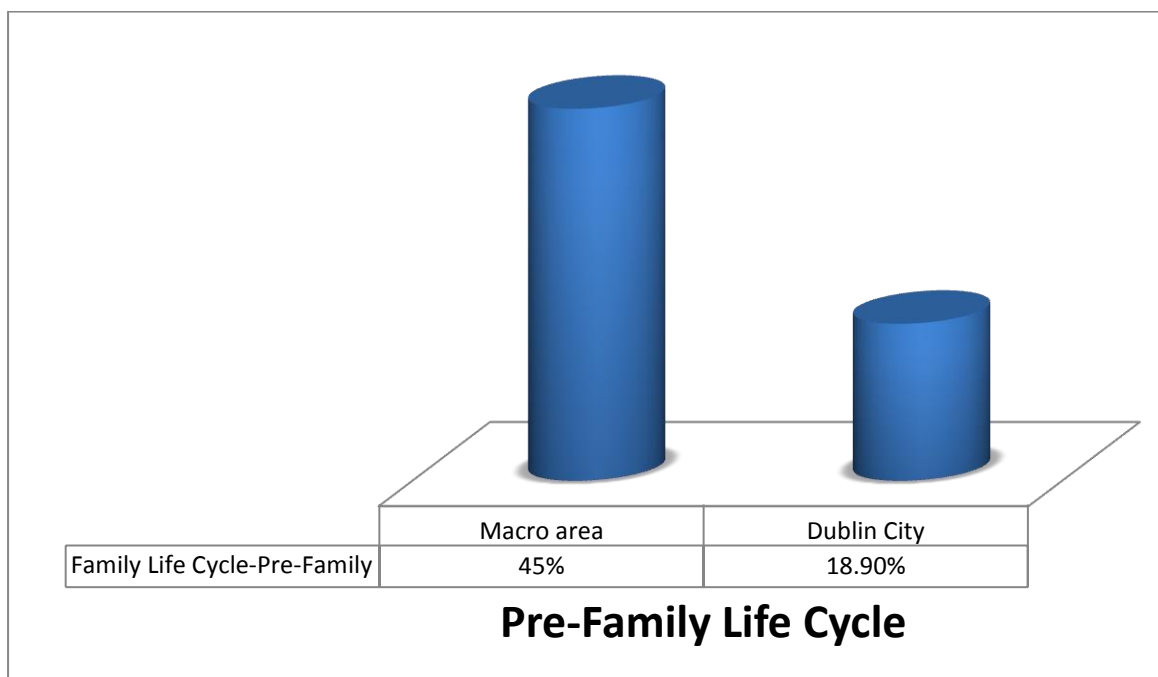
	Macro area		Dublin City	
	Number	Prop	Number	Prop
<b>One Person</b>	1000	29.9%	63795	30.7%
<b>Husband and Wife</b>	239	7.1%	24605	11.8%
<b>Cohabiting Couple</b>	426	12.7%	13865	6.7%
<b>Husband, wife and children</b>	216	6.5%	38775	18.6%
<b>Cohabiting couple and children</b>	49	1.5%	4965	2.4%
<b>Father and children</b>	23	0.7%	2763	1.3%
<b>Mother and children</b>	330	9.9%	20335	9.8%
<b>Couple and others</b>	118	3.5%	3787	1.8%
<b>Couple children and others</b>	37	1.1%	3001	1.4%
<b>Father, children and others</b>	6	0.2%	456	0.2%
<b>Mother, children and others</b>	44	1.3%	2612	1.3%
<b>Two or more families</b>	32	1.0%	3296	1.6%
<b>Non family household and relations</b>	207	6.2%	7740	3.7%
<b>Two or more non related persons</b>	616	18.4%	18013	8.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>3343</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>208008</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

- The **dominant type of private household in the area is one person** with a third of households belonging to this household type. This is in line with Dublin City
- However, the next highest category are **households with two or more non related persons** with 18.4% (616 households). This compares to 8.7% in Dublin City.
- There are **twice as many households defined as cohabiting couples** (12.7%) than Dublin City levels (6.7%)
- In contrast the **levels of husband, wife and children are significantly lower in the Macro area** than in Dublin City- 6.5% compared to 18.6%



## 6.2 Family Cycle

- The **family cycle in the Macro catchment is at pre-family stage** at (695 families) 44.7%. This is in stark contrast to Dublin City where this stage accounts for 18.9%
- In addition the **levels of pre-schools families is higher than state levels** -13% compared to 11.5%
- However, **early school, pre-adolescent and adolescent are lower than Dublin City levels.**
- There are also **low levels of families at adult and retirement stage** in the Macro catchment area.



	Macro area		Dublin City	
<b>Pre Family<sup>3</sup></b>	<b>695</b>	<b>44.7%</b>	<b>23,019</b>	<b>18.9%</b>
<b>Empty Nest</b>	75	4.8%	10,171	8.3%
<b>Retired</b>	32	2.1%	10,609	8.7%
<b>Pre-School</b>	202	13.0%	14,011	11.5%
<b>Early School</b>	103	6.6%	10,487	8.6%
<b>Pre-Adolescence</b>	111	7.1%	11,080	9.1%
<b>Adolescent</b>	116	7.5%	11,934	9.8%
<b>Adult</b>	220	14.2%	30,559	25.1%
<b>Total</b>	<b>1554</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>121,870</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

<sup>3</sup> Defined by the CSO as couples without children where the woman was aged under 45

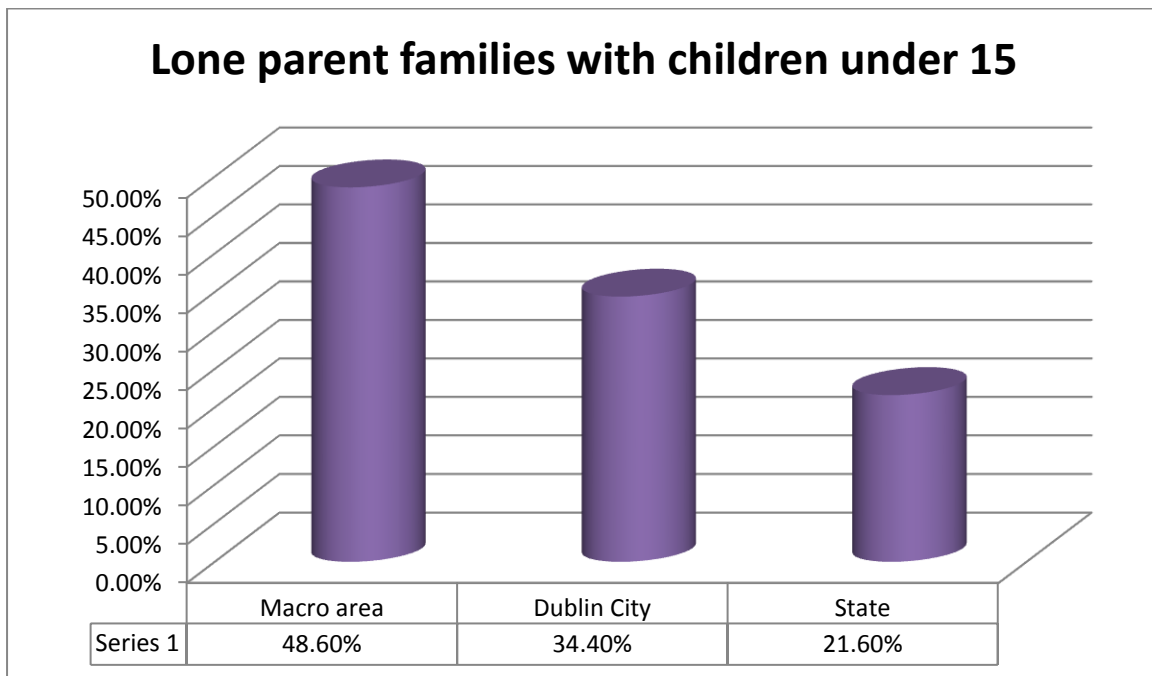
### 6.3 Family units with children under fifteen

In 2011 there were almost 416 family units with children under the age of fifteen. The following presents a breakdown on the types of family units with children in this category:

	Macro catchment		Dublin City	
	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
<b>Couples with children under 15</b>	214	51.4%	23,323	65.6%
<b>Lone mothers with children under 15</b>	190	45.7%	11,526	32.4%
<b>Lone fathers with children under 15</b>	12	2.9%	729	2.0%
<b>Total</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>35,578</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

The following analysis of lone parents of children under the age of 15 highlights that:

- ***There are 48.6% lone parent families with children under 15 in the Macro area. Therefore, almost every second family unit with children under fifteen is headed by a lone parent***
- This is ***significantly higher than Dublin City*** where 34.4% of all family units are lone parents with children under 15 and more than double the national levels of 21.6%
- In line with Dublin City and national trends the ***majority are mothers parenting alone***

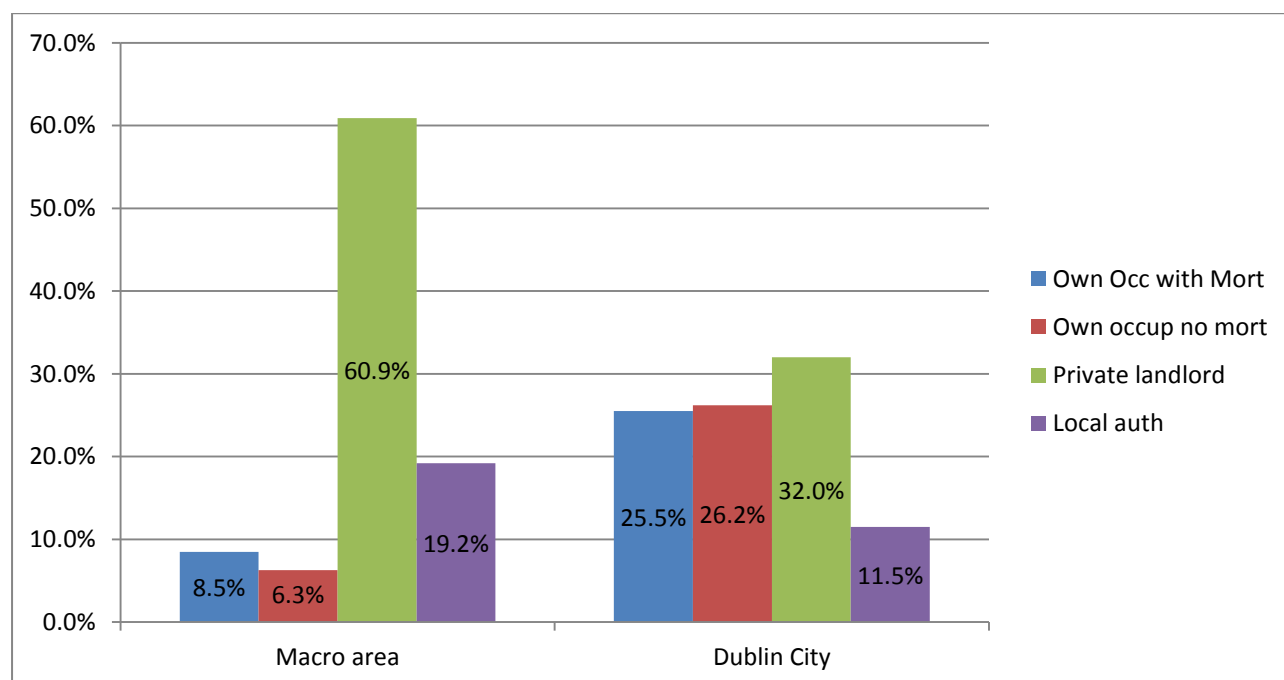


## 7. Housing

This section highlights how housing is occupied, the size of housing units and the size of households in the Macro catchment area.

### 8.1 Permanent private households by type of occupancy

	Macro area		Dublin City	
Occupancy	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
Owner Occupier with mortgage	283	8.5%	53,054	25.5%
Owner Occupier without mortgage	210	6.3%	54,498	26.2%
Rented-Private Landlord	2,036	60.9%	66,613	32.0%
Rented-Local Authority	643	19.2%	23,949	11.5%
Rented-Voluntary Body	64	1.9%	2,728	1.3%
Occupier free of rent	31	0.9%	2,419	1.2%
Not stated	74	2.2%	4,586	2.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,341</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>207,847</b>	<b>100.0%</b>



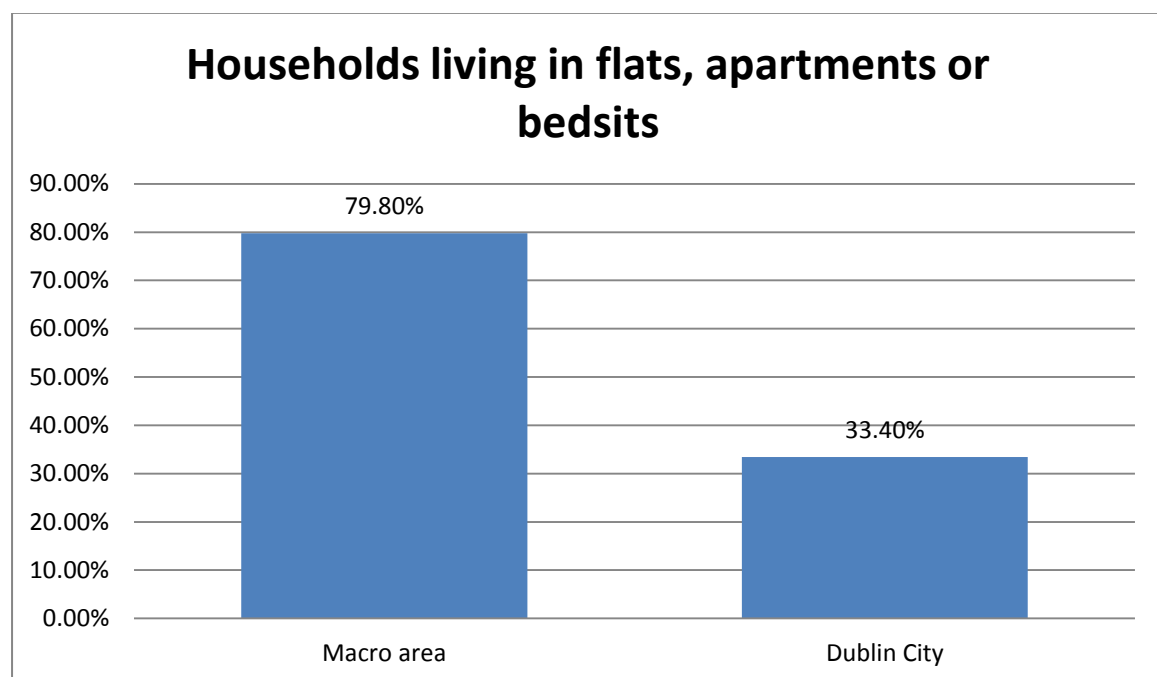
- **80% (2,679) of the private households in the Macro area rent their accommodation. This is almost double the Dublin City levels (43.5%)**
- **60% rent from private landlords.** This is again almost double Dublin City levels
- It is not possible from Census statistics to determine how many people are in receipt of rent supplement.
- **In contrast only 14.8% (493) are owner occupiers with/without mortgages** in the Macro area. This compares to 51.7% in Dublin City. The national level is 69.7%.

## 8.2 Type of housing units

The following presents the type of accommodation that private households are living in.

Accommodation type	Macro area		Dublin City	
	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
House, bungalow	574	17.2%	133,014	63.9%
Flat/apartment	2636	78.9%	65,497	31.5%
Bedsit	30	0.9%	3,697	1.8%
Caravan/mobile home	2	0.1%	161	0.1%
Not stated	101	3.0%	5,639	2.7%
<b>Total</b>	<b>3343</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>208,008</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

- In the Macro catchment area ***almost 80% (2666) of households live in a flat, apartment or bedsit***
- This ***compares to 33.4% in Dublin City***
- In contrast ***17.2% of households live in a house or bungalow, compared to 63.9% in Dublin City***



### 8.3 Permanent household number of rooms

The number of rooms per household of people living in the area is as follows:

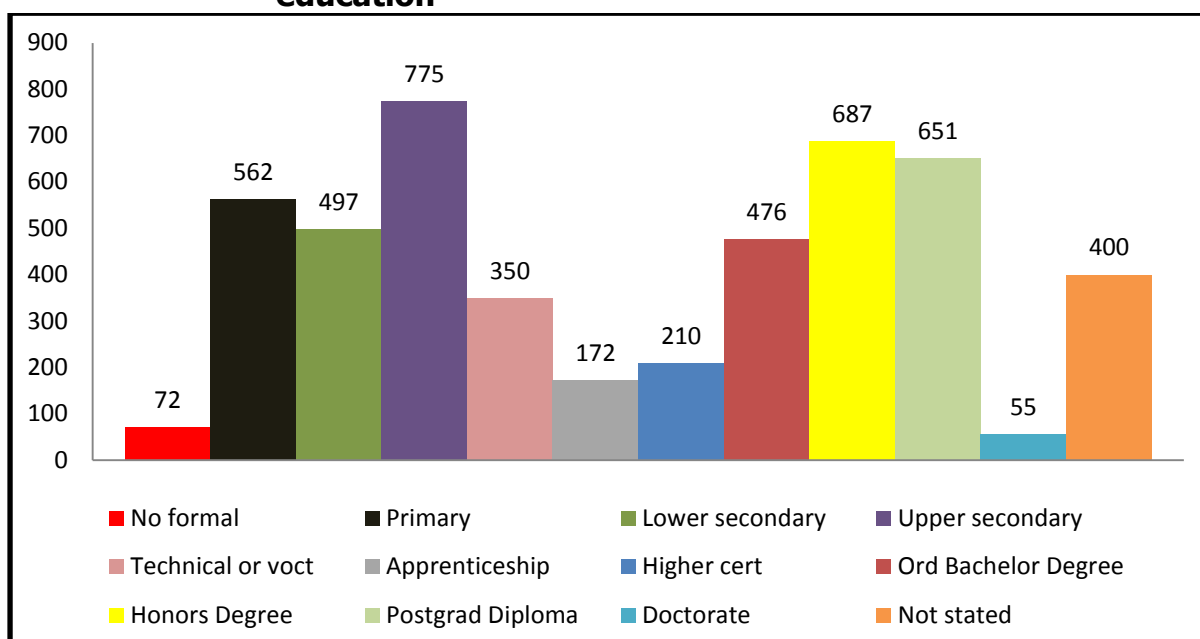
	Macro area		Dublin City	
Size	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
<b>1 room</b>	251	7.5%	11,575	5.6%
<b>2 rooms</b>	1022	30.6%	24,591	11.8%
<b>3 rooms</b>	1026	30.7%	31,092	15.0%
<b>4 rooms</b>	600	18.0%	33,078	15.9%
<b>5 rooms</b>	193	5.8%	40,111	19.3%
<b>6 rooms</b>	71	2.1%	30,637	14.7%
<b>7 rooms</b>	6	0.2%	14,278	6.9%
<b>8 or more</b>	3	0.1%	11,581	5.6%
<b>Not stated</b>	169	5.1%	10,904	5.2%
<b>Total</b>	<b>3341</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>207,847</b>	<b>100.0%</b>

- Over ***a third of households live in accommodation of two rooms or less***. This is significantly higher than Dublin City levels. National trends are to live in households with five rooms or more.

## 8. Education

This section outlines the education levels of people living in the Macro catchment area. There is a clear link between education attainment, disadvantage and unemployment. The following presents the population aged 15 and over in the combined area by the highest level of education completed:

### 8.1 Macro area people aged 15 and over who have ceased education



	Macro area		Dublin City
Education levels	Number	Proportion	Proportion
No formal	72	1.5%	1.3%
Primary	562	11.5%	15.8%
Lower secondary	497	10.1%	14.2%
Upper secondary	775	15.8%	16.4%
Technical or vocational, advanced certificate	350	7.1%	6.8%
Advanced cert/completed apprenticeship	172	3.5%	3.8%
Higher certificate	210	4.3%	3.5%
Ordinary Bachelor Degree or National Diploma	476	9.7%	7.0%
Honours Bachelor Degree Professional qualification or both	687	14.0%	11.8%
Postgraduate Diploma or Degree	651	13.3%	11.5%
Doctorate (PHD or higher)	55	1.1%	1.3%
Not stated	400	8.2%	6.6%
Total	4907	100.0%	100.0%

- **1869 (38.1%) of people living in the area who ceased education have an ordinary level Bachelor Degree or higher level qualification**
- This is **higher than Dublin (31.6%)** and in line with state levels (40%)
- However, **1,131 people have lower secondary, primary or no formal education**

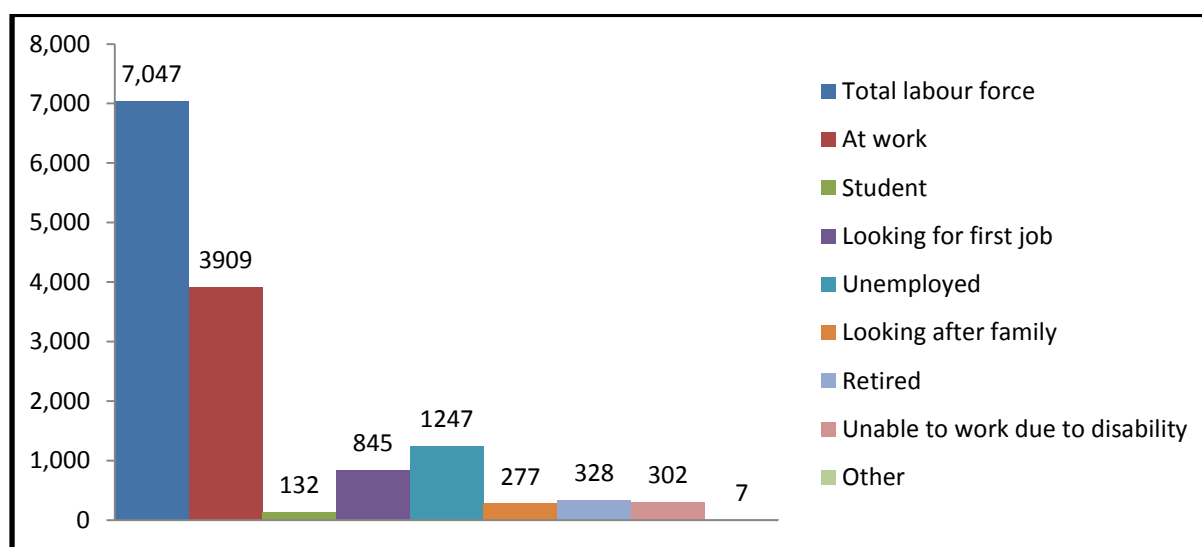
## 9. At work and unemployment

The following section outlines data in relation to the labour force and unemployment in the Macro catchment area in 2011.

### 9.1 Population aged 15 and over by principal economic status

In 2011, the following information outlines the data available for those aged over 15 by principal economic status.

#### Macro area- Total labour force constituents



- The county of **Fingal** had the highest labour force participation rate of any county in the country in 2011 (68.4%)<sup>4</sup>
- The **total labour force participation rate in the Macro catchment area in 2011 was higher at 69.4%**
- The **Dublin City labour force participation rate in 2011 was 62.3%**, national levels were 61.9%

Principal economic status	Macro area		Dublin City	
	Numbers	Proportion	Numbers	Proportion
At work	3909	55.5%	227,429	50.8%
Looking for first job	132	1.9%	5,086	1.1%
Unemployed	845	12.0%	46,613	10.4%
Student	1247	17.7%	56,377	12.6%
Looking after the home	277	3.9%	31,594	7.1%
Retired	328	4.7%	58,475	13.1%
Unable to work	302	4.3%	19,242	4.3%
Other	7	0.1%	2,767	0.6%

<sup>4</sup> The labour force participation rate is calculated by expressing the labour force (i.e. those at work, looking for first regular job and unemployed) as a percentage of the total aged 15 years and over.

<b>Total</b>	<b>7,047</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>447,583</b>	<b>100.0%</b>
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## 9.2 Unemployment 2011

The following table outlines the unemployment levels in 2011, comparing it to the ED, Dublin 15, Fingal and state levels.

	<b>Unemployment rate<sup>5</sup></b>
<b>Macro catchment area</b>	13.9%
<b>Dublin City</b>	11.5%

- The *unemployment levels in the catchment area were higher than Dublin City levels- 13.9% compared to 11.5%*
- Almost **1,000 people (977)** were unemployed or looking for their first job in the Macro catchment area in 2011

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<sup>5</sup> Based on Census 2011 people over 15 who were unemployed or looking for their first job



## 10. Disability and Health

This section outlines the number of people with disabilities in the Macro catchment area. It also outlines the responses to Census questions in relation to health.

### 10.1 Disability.

The following presents the number of people with a disability in the Macro catchment area

#### Level of disability Macro Catchment area

Numbers per age group	0 to 14	15 to 24	25 to 44	45 to 64	65 plus	Total
<b>Numbers</b>	43	114	350	299	188	994
<b>Proportion<sup>6</sup></b>	4.3%	11.4%	35.2%	30.1%	18.9%	100%

#### Level of disability Dublin City

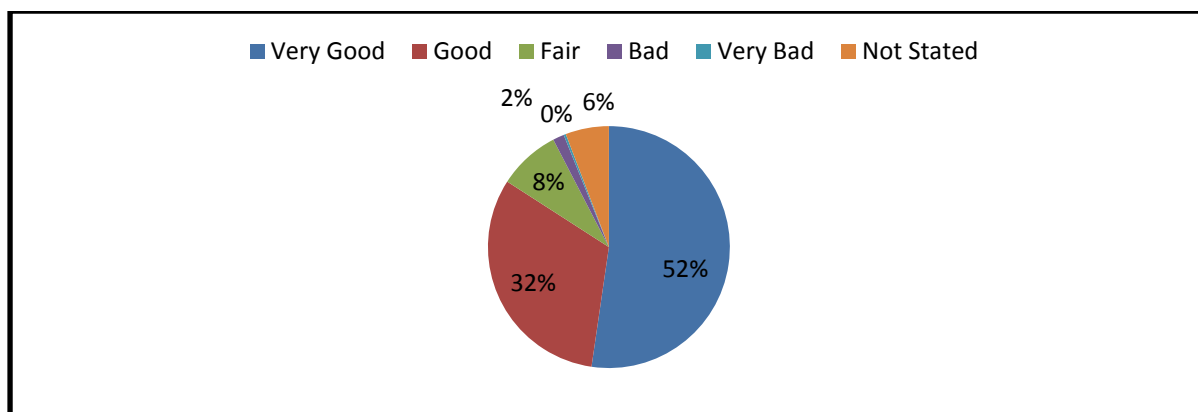
Numbers per age group	0 to 14	15 to 24	25 to 44	45 to 64	65 plus	Total
<b>Numbers</b>	4805	5932	17,154	22,215	28,504	78,610
<b>Proportion<sup>7</sup></b>	6.1%	7.5%	21.8%	28.3%	36.3%	100%

- ***Almost a 1,000 people 12.7% of the overall population of the Macro catchment area had a disability.*** This is slightly lower than Dublin City levels of 14.9%
- However the ***levels of people with a disability between the ages of 15 and 64 were higher than Dublin City levels.*** Of particular note are the levels of people with a disability between the ages of 25 and 44
- ***43 children under the age of 14 had a disability***

### 10.2 Health

The breakdown of the small area statistics in relation to respondents assessment of their health in the Macro area is outlined as follows:

Assessment	Macro area		Dublin City	
	Numbers	Proportion	Numbers	Proportion
<b>Very Good</b>	4,099	52.3%	299,864	56.8%
<b>Good</b>	2496	31.8%	149,702	28.4%
<b>Fair</b>	648	8.3%	46,996	8.9%
<b>Bad</b>	118	1.5%	8,672	1.6%
<b>Very Bad</b>	26	0.3%	2,033	0.4%
<b>Not stated</b>	453	5.8%	20,345	3.9%
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,840</b>	<b>100.0%</b>	<b>527,612</b>	<b>100.0%</b>



- ***84.1% of the population overall outlined that they had very good or good health. This is in line with Dublin City at 85.2%***